Building an Equal Justice Judiciary: Progress During the Biden Administration

To build a federal judiciary that delivers equal justice, we need judges who will protect the rights of all people, no matter their race or background. This requires federal judges with different perspectives on the law — judges who have worked as civil rights attorneys, public defenders, and public interest lawyers. Our diverse nation also needs judges who reflect and represent all of us. Research shows that demographic and professional diversity on our courts increases public trust in the judiciary and improves judicial decisionmaking.¹ Yet, for far too long, those selecting and confirming federal judges have not made this a priority.²

The Leadership Conference on Civil and Human Rights and its Fair Courts Task Force have long advocated for the White House and the Senate to prioritize this diversity and to set the expectation that all judicial nominees possess a demonstrated commitment to civil and human rights.³ At the start of the Biden administration, the White House Counsel’s office joined this effort, requesting that senators recommend diverse nominees with experience as public defenders and civil rights lawyers.⁴ Senate Judiciary Committee Chairman Dick Durbin (D-IL) and Senate Majority Leader Chuck Schumer (D-NY) have prioritized the consideration of nominees in committee and the confirmation of nominees on the Senate floor. And on April 7, 2022, the Senate confirmed Judge Ketanji Brown Jackson to be an associate justice of the U.S. Supreme Court — the first Black woman and first former public defender ever to serve on our nation’s highest court. We must build upon this progress in order to make our courts live up to the promise of equal justice for all.

Exceptional Pending Nominees: Circuit Courts

Nominee to the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Sixth Circuit RACHEL BLOOMEKATZ has an impressive legal background protecting the rights of all people. Throughout her career advancing equal justice, she has defended the freedom to vote and access to the ballot box. Ms. Bloomekatz has also protected the rights of consumers and challenged dangerous policies that would allow teachers without sufficient training to carry firearms.

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⁵ Data as of July 7, 2023.
Judge **ANA DE ALBA**, nominated to the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit, has impressive judicial and civil rights experience. Her career has been steeped in defending the rights of working people, having litigated numerous complex cases on workplace harassment and discrimination. In addition to her full caseload while in private practice, Judge de Alba established and ran a Workers’ Rights Clinic, which provided free legal services to workers unable to afford an attorney. When she was confirmed in 2022 to serve on the U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of California, she became the first Latina lifetime judge on that court.

**Exceptional Pending Nominees: District Courts**

**TIFFANY CARTWRIGHT**, nominee to the U.S. District Court for the Western District of Washington, possesses an impressive background as a civil rights attorney. Since 2014, she has specialized in civil rights litigation at MacDonald Hoague & Bayless, where she has defended the rights of people who were wrongly convicted of crimes and held police officers accountable for their misconduct. Ms. Cartwright also has an extensive background defending the rights of working people.

Judge **JEFFREY CUMMINGS**, nominated to the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of Illinois, has devoted his career to equal justice. Before becoming a magistrate judge for the Northern District of Illinois, Judge Cummings litigated numerous complex cases involving civil rights issues, including workplace harassment and discrimination. He also spent nearly a decade representing Black voters challenging a Chicago redistricting map that diluted the voting strength of Black and Latino/a voters, eventually securing a victory for his clients. When confirmed, Judge Cummings will be the only Black man serving as a lifetime judge on this court.

Nominee to the U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of Michigan **SUSAN DECLERCQ** has significant experience enforcing critical civil rights laws. She spent 18 years with the U.S. Attorney’s Office for the Eastern District of Michigan, holding numerous positions including assistant U.S. attorney for the civil rights unit and the defensive litigation unit, civil rights unit chief, and civil division chief. In particular, she has worked extensively for those who have been discriminated against based on their disability. When confirmed, Ms. DeClercq will become the first East Asian lifetime judge, and only the second AAPI woman lifetime judge, in Michigan.

Judge **TODD EDELMAN**, nominated to the U.S. District Court for the District of Columbia, is an eminently qualified and fair-minded jurist who has devoted his career to equal justice for all. Before joining the Superior Court of D.C., he worked in private practice defending the rights of workers and unions and, through his pro bono work, helped exonerate people who had been wrongfully convicted. Judge Edelman also spent eight years as a public defender, representing clients who could not afford an attorney and ensuring they had access to justice.

Nominated to the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of California, Judge **MARIAN GASTON** has impressive experience protecting the rights of all people. Before joining the bench as a judge on the San Diego Superior Court in 2015, Judge Gaston spent nearly 20 years as a public defender, representing clients who could not afford an attorney and ensuring they had access to justice. As a judge, she presided over a special intervention court that provided alternatives to incarceration for youth on probation who are also survivors of human trafficking and other forms of sexual exploitation. When confirmed, Judge Gaston will be only the second former public defender to ever serve as a lifetime judge on this court.
Nominee to the U.S. District Court for the District of Massachusetts Judge MYONG JOUN has spent his career in pursuit of equal justice. Before becoming an associate justice of the Boston Municipal Court, he spent many years in private practice focused on criminal defense matters, successfully representing people whose constitutional rights were violated by the government. His significant pro bono experience included representing people who were unable to afford an attorney, thus ensuring they had access to justice. When confirmed, Judge Joun will be the first Asian American man to ever serve as a lifetime judge on any court in the First Circuit.

Judge RITA LIN, nominated to the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of California, is a fair-minded jurist with critical experience working towards equal justice for all. During her 10 years in private practice, she took on significant pro bono work, including important LGBTQ rights cases and cases defending the rights of people living with disabilities. When confirmed, Judge Lin will be the only Asian American woman actively serving as a lifetime judge, and only the second Asian American woman to serve as a lifetime judge, on this court.

MÓNICA RAMÍREZ ALMADANI, nominated to the U.S. District Court for the Central District of California, has displayed an outstanding commitment to equal justice throughout her career. Through her work at the ACLU, the Civil Rights Division of the U.S. Department of Justice, the University of California Irvine School of Law’s Immigrant Rights Clinic, and pro bono legal services organization Public Counsel, she has steadfastly defended the rights of vulnerable communities, including immigrants and those facing discrimination. When confirmed, Ms. Ramírez Almadani will be the only Latina currently serving as a lifetime judge on this court.

Confirmed Judges: Highlights

President Biden has nominated exceptional lawyers from diverse backgrounds who are now serving on the bench. For example, Justice KETANJI BROWN JACKSON (U.S. Supreme Court) is the first Black woman and first former public defender to serve on our nation’s highest court. Her impeccable qualifications include nearly 10 years of experience as a fair-minded jurist and service on the U.S. Sentencing Commission. Judge NANCY ABUDU (Eleventh Circuit) spent years as a civil rights litigator at the ACLU’s Voting Rights Project and the ACLU of Florida, and she established the Southern Poverty Law Center’s Voting Rights Practice Group. She is the first Black woman on the Eleventh Circuit and the first person of color ever to serve in a Georgia seat on this court. Judge JULIE RIKELMAN (First Circuit) possesses exceptional experience defending our right to bodily autonomy, including our right to access abortion, as the litigation director at the Center for Reproductive Rights. She is the first Jewish woman and first immigrant woman to serve on the First Circuit.

Judge NUSRAT CHOUDHURY (Eastern District of New York) has worked tirelessly challenging discriminatory policies that specifically target communities of color, including leading the ACLU’s litigation strategy and efforts to end the practice of keeping those unable to pay court-imposed fines or fees imprisoned. She is the first Muslim woman ever to serve as a lifetime federal judge. As director of the Voting Rights Project at the ACLU, Judge DALE HO (Southern District of New York) has protected civil rights by defending the freedom to vote. He also successfully challenged the Trump administration’s misguided efforts to add a citizenship question to the census. Judge NATASHA MERLE (Eastern District of New York) has critical civil rights experience as deputy director of litigation at the NAACP Legal Defense and Educational Fund, Inc. She has also fought bias in our criminal-legal system as a federal public defender. Judge CASEY PITTS (Northern District of California) has dedicated his career to protecting and defending the rights of working people by successfully challenging unfair labor practices across the country. He is the first openly LGBTQ lifetime judge at the time of his confirmation on this court. Judge HERNÁN VERA (Central District of California) brings to the court outstanding experience pursuing equal justice, including spending 12 years at Public Counsel, the largest pro bono law firm in the nation, where he created an impact litigation department for economic justice.

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These are just a few of the many outstanding judges confirmed by the Senate during the Biden administration.

**Confirmed Judges: Milestones and Historic Firsts**

**U.S. Supreme Court**
- Justice **KETANJI BROWN JACKSON** (U.S. Supreme Court; elevated from D.C. Circuit), first Black woman and first former public defender on U.S. Supreme Court

**U.S. Circuit Courts of Appeals**
- Judge **NANCY ABDU** (Eleventh Circuit), first Black woman and first Black judge from Georgia on Eleventh Circuit
- Judge **DEANDREA BENJAMIN** (Fourth Circuit), first Black woman from South Carolina on Fourth Circuit
- Judge **CINDY CHUNG** (Third Circuit), first Asian American judge on Third Circuit
- Judge **TIFFANY CUNNINGHAM** (Federal Circuit), first Black judge on Federal Circuit
- Judge **STEPHANIE DAVIS** (Sixth Circuit), first Black woman from Michigan on Sixth Circuit
- Judge **ROOPALI DESAI** (Ninth Circuit), first South Asian judge on Ninth Circuit
- Judge **DANA DOUGLAS** (Fifth Circuit), first woman of color on Fifth Circuit
- Judge **ARIANNA FREEMAN** (Third Circuit), first woman of color on Third Circuit
- Judge **BRAD GARCIA** (D.C. Circuit), first Latino/a judge on D.C. Circuit
- Judge **GUSTAVO GELPÍ** (First Circuit), first former public defender on First Circuit
- Judge **CANDACE JACKSON-AKIWUMI** (Seventh Circuit), first former public defender and second judge of color on Seventh Circuit
- Judge **LUCY KOH** (Ninth Circuit), first Korean American woman on any federal appellate court
- Judge **JOHN LEE** (Seventh Circuit), first Asian American judge on Seventh Circuit
- Judge **ANDRE MATHIS** (Sixth Circuit), first Black man from Tennessee on Sixth Circuit
- Judge **SALVADOR MENDOZA** (Ninth Circuit), first Latino/a judge from Washington on Ninth Circuit
- Judge **TAMIKA MONTGOMERY-REEVES** (Third Circuit), first woman of color from Delaware on Third Circuit
- Judge **ALISON NATHAN** (Second Circuit), second openly LGBTQ woman on any federal appellate court
- Judge **FLORENCE PAN** (D.C. Circuit; elevated from District of D.C.), first AAPI woman to serve as lifetime judge on D.C. district court
- Judge **DORIS PRYOR** (Seventh Circuit), first Black judge from Indiana on Seventh Circuit
- Judge **JULIE RIKELMAN** (First Circuit), first Jewish woman and first immigrant woman on First Circuit
- Judge **BETH ROBINSON** (Second Circuit), first openly LGBTQ woman on any federal appellate court
- Judge **JENNIFER SUNG** (Ninth Circuit), first Asian American judge from Oregon on Ninth Circuit
- Judge **HOLLY THOMAS** (Ninth Circuit), first Black woman from California on Ninth Circuit
U.S. District Courts

➢ Judge **AMANDA BRAILSFORD** (District of Idaho), first woman to serve as lifetime judge on District of Idaho

➢ Judge **DANIEL CALABRETTA** (Eastern District of California), first openly LGBTQ lifetime judge on Eastern District of California

➢ Judge **VICTORIA CALVERT** (Northern District of Georgia), first former public defender to serve as lifetime judge on Northern District of Georgia

➢ Judge **NUSRAT CHOUDHURY** (Eastern District of New York), first Muslim woman and first Bangladeshi American to serve as lifetime judge on any federal court

➢ Judge **JOHN CHUN** (Western District of Washington), first Asian American man to serve as lifetime judge in Washington state

➢ Judge **ANA DE ALBA** (Eastern District of California), first Latina to serve as lifetime judge on Eastern District of California

➢ Judge **LYDIA GRIGGSBY** (District of Maryland), first woman of color to serve as lifetime judge on District of Maryland

➢ Judge **MARGARET GUZMAN** (District of Massachusetts), first Latina to serve as lifetime judge on District of Massachusetts

➢ Judge **LAUREN KING** (Western District of Washington), first Native American to serve as lifetime judge in Washington

➢ Judge **SHALINA KUMAR** (Eastern District of Michigan), first South Asian to serve as lifetime judge on any Michigan district court

➢ Judge **TANA LIN** (Western District of Washington), first Asian American to serve as lifetime judge in Washington

➢ Judge **NANCY MALDONADO** (Northern District of Illinois), first Latina to serve as lifetime judge in Illinois

➢ Judge **GINA MÉNDEZ-MIRÓ** (District of Puerto Rico), first openly LGBTQ lifetime judge on any federal court in First Circuit

➢ Judge **SARALA NAGALA** (District of Connecticut), first South Asian to serve as lifetime judge on District of Connecticut

➢ Judge **ADRIENNE NELSON** (District of Oregon), first woman of color to serve as lifetime judge on District of Oregon

➢ Judge **JINSOOK OHTA** (Southern District of California), first Asian American woman to serve as lifetime judge on Southern District of California

➢ Judge **MIA PEREZ** (Eastern District of Pennsylvania), first Asian American to serve as lifetime judge on Eastern District of Pennsylvania

➢ Judge **CASEY PITTS** (N.D. Cal.), first openly LGBTQ lifetime judge at time of confirmation on Northern District of California

➢ Judge **ZAHID QURAISHI** (District of New Jersey), first Muslim to serve as lifetime judge on any federal court

➢ Judge **ANA REYES** (District of D.C.), first Latina and first openly LGBTQ lifetime judge on District of D.C.

➢ Judge **REGINA RODRIGUEZ** (District of Colorado), first Asian American to serve as lifetime judge on Colorado district court

➢ Judge **DAVID RUIZ** (Northern District of Ohio), first Latino to serve as lifetime judge on any Ohio district court

➢ Judge **ARUN SUBRAMANIAN** (Southern District of New York), first South Asian to serve as lifetime judge on Southern District of New York

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➢ Judge **CHARLOTTE SWEENEY** (District of Colorado), first openly LGBTQ woman to serve as lifetime judge on any federal court west of the Mississippi River

➢ Judge **SUNSHINE SYKES** (Central District of California), first Native American to serve as lifetime judge on any California district court

➢ Judge **JAMAR WALKER** (Eastern District of Virginia), first openly LGBTQ lifetime judge on any court in the Fourth Circuit

**Opportunities Ahead**

In order to build a judiciary dedicated to equal justice, we must ensure that all federal judicial vacancies are filled with qualified nominees committed to civil and human rights. The Senate must confirm the exceptional nominees who are pending. We also call on the Senate and the Biden administration to make diversity a continued priority and support additional diverse nominees, including more Latino and Latina nominees, Native American nominees, LGBTQ nominees, and nominees with disabilities. Additionally, we urge senators and the White House to select nominees who have significant experience in civil rights law, such as economic justice, reproductive rights, LGBTQ equality, disability rights, and voting rights. Appellate courts like the 4th Circuit, 5th Circuit, and 11th Circuit frequently hear cases that impact civil rights, including the freedom to vote and reproductive freedom. We need fair-minded judges on every court — especially on courts making decisions that threaten our rights.

Additionally, we need to work to modernize our courts so that our federal judiciary can fairly and more efficiently administer justice. Congress must pass legislation that modernizes and reforms our courts, including legislation on ethics reforms, such as extension of the Code of Conduct for United States Judges to apply to Supreme Court justices, and further transparency measures and court structure reforms such as expanding the number of authorized judgeships for circuit and district courts. The last time Congress significantly increased lower court judgeships to keep up with population increases was more than 30 years ago. With many courts burdened by exceptionally high caseloads, delays are compromising access to justice for people across the country. It is necessary for Congress to authorize new circuit court and district court judgeships to meet our current needs. In addition, we urge Congress to consider other structural reforms to the Supreme Court.

For more information, please visit civilrights.org/courts or contact Samantha Cyrulnik-Dercher at cyrilnikdercher@civilrights.org.