

**LCCR
CIVIL RIGHTS
VOTING RECORD
FOR THE
105TH CONGRESS**

JANUARY 1997 – OCTOBER 1998

**SENATE VOTE DESCRIPTIONS
105TH CONGRESS**

AFFIRMATIVE ACTION

1. **Affirmative Action Construction Provision/Highway & Transit Reauthorization (S.1173)**

Roll Call: #23
Date: March 6, 1998
Adopted: 58-37; R 15-36; D 43-1
Description: Chafee (R-RI) motion to table (kill) the McConnell (R-KY) amendment to eliminate the Disadvantaged Business Enterprise program.

Supported by LCCR - The McConnell amendment would eliminate affirmative action for small businesses that aspire to obtain federal transportation contracts through the Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) program. The DBE program requires state and local recipients of federal highway transit and airport grants to establish goals for the participation of women and minority businesses in contract awards. The program helps to counter the effects of past and current discrimination and eliminate artificial barriers to the formation, development, and utilization of businesses owned by women and people of color.

EDUCATION

2. **Fiscal 1998 Labor HHS Appropriations/Education Funding (S. 1061)**

Roll Call: #232
Date: September 11, 1997
Rejected: 49-51; R 4-51; D 45-0
Description: Jeffords (R-VT) motion to table (kill) the Gorton (R-WA) amendment that would require the Secretary of Education to award funds for many elementary and secondary education programs directly to local agencies to use as they see fit. (Subsequently the Gorton amendment was adopted on a voice vote.)

Supported by LCCR - The Gorton amendment would weaken our public education system by eliminating 40 elementary and secondary education programs, including bilingual and immigrant education, professional development for teachers, technology education, Title I, and Indian education, forwarding funds to local education agencies through unaccountable block grants. The Jeffords amendment, if passed, would have killed the Gorton amendment.

3. Fiscal 1998 District of Columbia Appropriations/Closure (S. 1156)

Roll Call: #260
Date: September 30, 1997
Rejected: 58-41; R 54-1; D 4-40 The cloture motion required 60 votes for passage, and therefore failed.
Description: Motion to invoke cloture (thus limiting debate) on the Coats (R-IN) amendment that would allocate \$7 million in fiscal 1998 for educational scholarships to allow low income kindergarten through twelfth grade students from the District of Columbia to attend any private, public, or charter schools in the D.C. Metropolitan area.

Opposed by LCCR - The Coats amendment contained language that would erode anti-discrimination laws (Title VI, Title IX, Section 504, and the Age Discrimination Act) and take away from the children of Washington D.C. the guarantee of equal educational opportunity that they deserve. While the amendment contained anti-discrimination language, it fell far short of the anti-discrimination requirements under current federal law.

4. Expanding Education Savings Accounts/Teacher Loan Forgiveness (H.R. 2646)

Roll Call: #86
Date: April 21, 1998
Adopted: 56-41; R 50-4; D 6-37
Description: Coverdell (R-GA) motion to table (kill) the Kennedy (D-MA) amendment to replace the bill's language expanding the accounts with language authorizing \$7.2 million over two years to establish a federal program to forgive as much as \$8,000 in unpaid student loans for each college graduate who becomes a full-time public school teacher.

Opposed by LCCR - The Kennedy amendment addresses the gross under-representation of qualified school teachers in high-needs districts, particularly rural and inner-city areas. The Coverdell motion passed, and therefore killed the Kennedy amendment.

5. Expanding Education Savings Accounts/School Construction Bonds (H.R. 2646)

Roll Call: #90
Date: April 21, 1998
Adopted: 56-42; R 52-2; D 4-40
Description: Coverdell (R-GA) motion to table (kill) the Moseley-Braun (D-IL) amendment to provide \$10 billion in tax credits over 10 years for purchasers of interest-free bonds to fund school construction.

Opposed by LCCR - The Moseley-Braun amendment would strengthen public education by eliminating funds for tax subsidies for private school education savings

accounts and instead provide tax credits to subsidize \$22 billion in zero-interest public school modernization bonds. The Coverdell motion passed, and therefore, killed the Moseley-Braun Amendment.

6. Expanding Education Savings Accounts/Education Block Grants (H.R. 2646)

Roll Call: #91

Date: April 22, 1998

Adopted: 50-49; R 50-4; D 0-45

Description: Gorton (R-WA) amendment to require each state to decide within one year how it would like to receive its future federal education funding: administered as it is currently, sent directly to the states through block grants or sent directly to the local districts through block grants.

Opposed by LCCR - The Gorton amendment would allow federal funds to be sent to the states in block grants. The amendment would further limit the federal role in education by combining \$10 billion in current programs such as Title I, Safe and Drug-Free Schools, and education technology into unaccountable block grants. Block grants cripple the federal government's ability to effectively target education funds.

7. Expanding Education Savings Accounts/School Dropout Prevention (H.R. 2646)

Roll Call: #101

Date: April 23, 1998

Adopted: 74-26; R 30-25; D 44-1

Description: Bingaman (D-NM) amendment to establish a national grant program to help schools create dropout prevention programs

Supported by LCCR - The Bingaman amendment would create a special national grant program focusing on reducing the number of dropouts.

LABOR

8. Herman Nomination/Confirmation

Roll Call: #54

Date: April 30, 1997

Confirmed: 85-13; R 42-13; D 43-0

Description: Confirmation of President Clinton's nomination of Alexis M. Herman of Alabama to be Secretary of Labor.

Supported by LCCR - LCCR supported the nomination of Alexis Herman to be Secretary of Labor. Ms. Herman is a former Director of the Women's Bureau in the Department of Labor; a job training and social service provider with Catholic Social Services; a private consultant on labor - management issues; and an Assistant to the

President of the United States and Director of the White House Office of Public Liaison. Ms. Herman's career has demonstrated a capacity for strong and effective leadership, creative and innovative thinking, and a virtual life-time of professional, hands-on experience in training individuals for the workforce.

9. "Compensatory Time" Flexible Credit/Cloture (S. 4)

Roll Call: #68
Date: May 15, 1997
Rejected: 53-47; R 53-2; D 0-45
Description: Motion to invoke cloture (thus limiting debate) on the bill to amend the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 to allow private sector employees to choose compensatory time off or flexible credit hour programs instead of overtime pay.

Opposed by LCCR - The so-called "Comp Time" legislation would have undermined the 40-hour work week and overtime requirements, and therefore be harmful to working families. This legislation would reduce the income of many working families, and could make it more difficult for them to balance competing work and family responsibilities given that the penalties placed on employers who violate the voluntary provisions were weak.

10. Fast Track/Cloture (S. 1269)

Roll Call: #292
Date: November 4, 1997
Rejected: 69-31; R 43-12; D 26-19
Description: Motion to invoke cloture (thus limiting debate) on the motion to proceed to the "Fast Track" bill that would allow the president to submit bills implementing trade pacts to Congress under expedited review procedures and to require up-or-down votes without amendments. Three fifths of the total Senate is required to invoke cloture (60).

Opposed by LCCR - "Fast Track" legislation, if enacted, would signal a significant retreat in the areas of civil rights and worker rights. It would give the President authority to negotiate trade treaties without consulting Congress. The Congress could only vote for or against the treaty as a whole without making any changes or correcting any flaws, putting it on a "fast track"-to approval. Under this legislation, the President is precluded from negotiating improvements in or enforcement of internationally recognized workers rights. This preclusion would have a damaging effect on domestic worker rights and the economic well being of the groups represented by LCCR.

11. "Paycheck Protection" Cloture (S. 1663)

Roll Call: #17
Date: February 26, 1998
Rejected: 45-54; R 45-10; D 0-44
Description: Motion to invoke cloture (thus limiting debate) on the bill that would require labor organizations, banks or corporations to secure voluntary authorization from their members before using any membership dues, initiation fees or other payments to fund political activities. Three fifths of the total Senate (60) is required to invoke cloture.

Opposed by LCCR - The bill would undermine the ability of unions to advocate on behalf of their members by unfairly targeting unions to require express, written, prior consent from each individual member annually before using any dues money on activities ranging from lobbying, communicating with members about candidates' positions on issues, or even educating members about the impact of federal legislation or regulations.

IMMIGRATION

12. Fiscal Budget Reconciliation-Spending/Food Stamps (S. 947)

Roll Call: #116
Date: June 25, 1997
Rejected: 48-52; R 5-50; D 43-2
Description: Durbin (D-IL) motion to waive the Budget Act with respect to the Domenici (R-NM) point of order against the Durbin amendment to the 1996 welfare law that sought to restore food stamps for children of legal immigrants.

Supported by LCCR - One of the harshest provisions of the 1996 welfare law was that it significantly limited the distribution of food stamps to legal immigrants. The Domenici point of order would prohibit the restoration of food stamp distribution to the children of legal immigrants.

13. Agriculture Research-Recommit/Food Stamps (S. 1150)

Roll Call: #128
Date: May 12, 1998
Rejected: 23-77; R 22-33; D 1-44
Description: Gramm (R-TX), motion to recommit the conference report to the conference committee with instructions that the bill's expansion of food stamp eligibility only apply to refugees and asylees who were lawfully residing in the United States on August 22, 1996. The conference report would allow future refugees and asylees to qualify under the bill's provision expanding food stamp eligibility from five to seven years.

Opposed by LCCR - One of the harshest provisions of the 1996 welfare law was that

it significantly limited the distribution of food stamps to legal immigrants. S. 1150 would restore food stamp eligibility to legal immigrants who are either under the age of 18, elderly or disabled, and were legally residing in the U.S. before enactment of welfare reform in August of 1996. In addition, S. 1150 would extend eligibility for food stamps from five to seven years to those seeking refuge or asylum in the U.S. The Gramm motion would have stripped this extension and, killed the restoration of food stamp eligibility.

14. FY 1999 Commerce, Justice, State Appropriations/Temporary Farmworker (S. 2260)

Roll Call:

#233

Date:

July 23, 1998

Adopted:

68-31; R 54-0; D 14-31

Description:

Smith (R-OR) amendment that would establish a registry of temporary workers to link U.S. farmworkers to agricultural jobs. If there are insufficient U.S. workers to fill the number of positions offered by a specific employer, the attorney general shall admit enough foreign workers to fill those positions. The amendment would also require that employers provide prevailing wages, housing and transportation reimbursements for the workers and would direct the attorney general to conduct a study on whether foreign workers depart the country upon completion of their authorized stay.

Opposed by LCCR - The Smith amendment would create a new program that would, among other things, reduce guestworkers' wages below current law; eliminate housing requirements; eliminate domestic workers' absolute preference for H-2A jobs; and eliminate growers' responsibility to actively recruit available U.S. farmworkers.

BUDGET

15. Balanced-Budget Constitutional Amendment/Passage (S. J. Res 1)

Roll Call:

#24

Date:

March 4, 1997

Rejected:

66-34; R 55-0; D 11-34 - A two-thirds majority vote of those present and voting (67 in this case) is required to pass a joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution.

Description:

Passage of the joint resolution to propose a constitutional amendment to balance the budget by the year 2002 or two years after ratification by three-fourths of the states, whichever is later.

Opposed by LCCR - Passage of the joint resolution would have a devastating effect on welfare, education, nutrition, and health care for the poor, among other critical federal social programs.

INCOME AND SECURITY FAMILY SUPPORT

16. Fiscal 1998 Budget Reconciliation - Revenue/Children's Health (S. 949)

Roll Call: #135
Date: June 26, 1997
Adopted: 80-19; R 36-18; D 44-1
Description: Roth (D-DE) motion to waive the Budget Act with respect to the Domenici' (R-NM) point of order against the Roth amendment that would revise the Social Security Act and provide \$48 billion to states between fiscal 1998 and fiscal 2002 to expand health insurance coverage for low-income children.

Supported by LCCR - The Domenici point of order against the Roth amendment would restrict health insurance coverage for low-income children.

17. Fiscal 1998 Budget Reconciliation – Revenue/Earned Income Tax Credit (S. 949)

Roll Call: #156
Date: June 27, 1997
Rejected: 39-59; R 5-50; D 34-9
Description: Landrieu (D-LA) motion to waive the Budget Act with respect to the Nickles (R-OK) point of order against Landrieu's amendment to allow taxpayers with income tax liability to take the \$500 per child tax credit before the earned income tax credit.

Supported by LCCR - LCCR supports the extension of the Earned Income Tax Credit.

18. Consumer Bankruptcy Revisions/Minimum Wage Increase (S. 1301)

Roll Call: #278
Date: September 22, 1998
Adopted: 55-44; R 53-2; D 2-42
Description: Lott (R-MS) motion to table (kill) the Kennedy (D-MA) amendment that would increase the minimum wage from \$5.15 an hour to \$6.15 an hour, with an increase of 50 cents in 1999 and 50 cents in 2000.

Opposed by LCCR- A modest increase in the minimum wage would greatly benefit working class individuals and families. Without an increase, the economic well-being of low-wage workers, including families dependent on low-wage earners, will continue to decline.

DISABILITY

19. Individuals With Disabilities Education Act Reauthorization/Passage (H.R. 5)

Roll Call: #66
Date: May 14, 1997
Adopted: 98-1; R 54-1; D 44-0
Description: Passage of the bill to authorize such sums as necessary for the Individuals With Disabilities Education Act, to allow more schools more flexibility in disciplining disabled students and to change the program's grant funding formula if the annual total appropriation exceeds \$4.9 billion.

Supported by LCCR - The Individuals With Disabilities Education Act strengthens public education and protects children's health and safety by ensuring that children with special needs have equal access to education.

BANKRUPTCY

20. Consumer Bankruptcy Revisions/Filing Fee Waiver (S. 1301)

Roll Call: #280
Date: September 22, 1998
Rejected: 47-52; R 47-8; D 0-44
Description: Grassley (D-IA) motion to table (kill) the Feingold (D-WI) amendment that would allow the court to waive the filing fee for an individual debtor if the court determines that the debtor is unable to pay the fee in installments. Subsequently, the Feingold amendment was adopted by voice vote.

Opposed by LCCR - The Grassley motion to table Feingold's amendment would disproportionately affect working class and middle class Americans, particularly women, older Americans, and African American and Hispanic Americans, many of whom use the bankruptcy courts as a way to stabilize their economic status during a short term financial crisis.

LCCR VOTING RECORD
105TH CONGRESSIONAL SESSION

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		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	Voting Record
Roll Call Vote #		23	232	260	86	90	91	101	54	68	292	17	116	128	233	24	135	156	278	66	280	
LCCR POSITION		Y	Y	N	N	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	
IDAHO																						
Craig (R)																						
Kempthorne (R)																						
ILLINOIS																						
Durbin (D)																						
Moseley-Braun (D)																						
INDIANA																						
Coats (R)																						
Lugar (R)																						
IAWA																						
Grassley (R)																						
Harkin (D)																						
KANSAS																						
Brownback (R)																						
Roberts (R)																						
KENTUCKY																						
Ford (D)																						
McCormick (R)																						
LOUISIANA																						
Breaux (D)																						
Landrieu (D)																						
MAINE																						
Collins (R)																						
Snowe (R)																						
MARYLAND																						
Mikulski (D)																						
Sarbanes (D)																						
MASSACHUSETTS																						
Kennedy (D)																						
Kerry (D)																						
MICHIGAN																						
Levin (D)																						

LCCR VOTING RECORD
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LCCR POSITION	Y	Y	N	N	N	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	
MINNESOTA																					
Grams (R)	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	15%	
Wellstone (D)	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	20 100%	
MISSISSIPPI																					
Cochran (R)	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y	4	20%		
Lott (R)	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y	3	15%		
MISSOURI																					
Ashcroft (R)	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y	2	10%		
Bond (R)	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y	6	30%		
MONTANA																					
Baucus (D)	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	16	80%		
Burns (R)	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y	6	30%		
NEBRASKA																					
Hagel (R)	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y	3	15%		
Kerrey (D)	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	17	85%		
NEVADA																					
Bayan (D)	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	16	80%		
Reid (D)	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	19	95%		
NEW HAMPSHIRE																					
Gregg (R)	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y	2	10%		
Smith (R)	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y	3	15%		
NEW JERSEY																					
Lautenberg (D)	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	19	95%		
Tonti-Bilbao (D)	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	18	90%		
NEW MEXICO																					
Bingaman (D)	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	18	90%		
Domenici (R)	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	8	40%		
NEW YORK																					
D'Amato (R)	Y	N	Y	N	N	?	Y	Y	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	14	70%		
Moynihan (D)	Y	N	N	N	?	Y	Y	N	?	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	12	60%		
NORTH CAROLINA																					
Faircloth (R)	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y	3	15%		
Helms (R)	?	N	Y	?	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y	1	5%		

LCCR VOTING RECORD
105TH CONGRESSIONAL SESSION

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105TH CONGRESSIONAL SESSION

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Roll Call Vote #	23	232	280	86	90	91	101	54	68	202	17	116	128	233	24	135	156	278	66	280		
LCCR POSITION	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N			
VERMONT																						
Jeffords (R)			Y	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	55%	
Leahy (D)			Y	?	N	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	80%	
VIRGINIA																						
Robb (D)				Y	N	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	85%	
Warner (R)				Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y	6	30%		
WASHINGTON																						
Gorton (R)					N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	3	15%	
Murray (D)					Y	N	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	95%	
WEST VIRGINIA																						
Byrd (D)						Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	80%	
Rockefeller (D)						Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	85%	
WISCONSIN																						
Feingold (D)							Y	N	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	95%	
Kohl (D)							Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y	N	Y	90%	
WYOMING																						
Enzi (R)								N	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	4	20%
Thomas (R)								N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	N	Y	2	10%

KEY

VOTED FOR (YEA)

VOTED AGAINST (NAY)

NOT IN OFFICE WHEN VOTE TOOK PLACE

DID NOT VOTE OR OTHERWISE MAKE A POSITION KNOWN

HOUSE VOTE DESCRIPTIONS
105TH CONGRESS

AFFIRMATIVE ACTION

1. Surface Transportation Reauthorization/Affirmative Action (H.R. 2400)

Roll Call: #93
Date: April 1, 1998
Rejected: 194-225; R 191-29; D 3-195; I 0-1
Description: Roukema (R-NJ) amendment to end the Transportation Department's program that sets a goal of providing at least 10 percent of transportation contracts to small businesses owned by women and minorities and to replace it with a program encouraging affirmative action and discouraging preferential treatment in relation to government transportation contracts.

Opposed by LCCR - The Roukema amendment would in effect eliminate affirmative action for small businesses seeking to obtain federal transportation contracts through the Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) program. The DBE program requires state and local recipients of federal highway transit and airport grants to establish goals for the participation of women and minority businesses in contract awards. The program helps counter the effects of past and current discrimination and eliminate artificial barriers to the formation, development, and utilization of businesses owned by women and people of color.

2. Higher Education Act Reauthorization/Race (H.R. 6)

Roll Call: #133
Date: May 6, 1998
Rejected: 171-249; R 166-55; D 5-193; I 0-1
Description: Riggs (R-CA) amendment to prohibit any public institution of higher education that participates in any Higher Education Act program from discriminating against or granting preferential treatment to any person or group in admissions based in whole or in part on race, sex, color, ethnicity or national origin.

Opposed by the LCCR - The Riggs amendment is an extreme measure that would ban all affirmative action programs in higher education, including those designed to ensure a diverse student body or to remedy patterns of discrimination. This amendment would reduce equal access to post-secondary education by prohibiting public colleges and universities that receive federal funds from using any form of affirmative action in their admissions policies.

3. Higher Education Act Reauthorization/Race (H.R. 6)

Roll Call: #134
Date: May 6, 1998
Rejected: 189-227; R 184-34; D 5-192; I 0-1
Description: Campbell (R-CA) amendment to add a nondiscrimination provision to the bill which states that no individual will be excluded from any program or activity authorized by the HEA on the basis of race or religion.

Opposed by LCCR - This amendment would significantly limit affirmative action programs as part of the Higher Education Reauthorization. If enacted, the amendment would have a detrimental effect on the ability of women and minorities to succeed in these highly competitive programs where they are already under-represented.

CENSUS

4. Fiscal 1998 Commerce, Justice, State Appropriations-Sampling in Census 2000 (H.R. 2267)

Roll Call: # 475
Date: September 30, 1997
Rejected: 197-228: R 3-219; D 193-9; I 1-0
Description: Mollohan (D-WV) amendment to strike the bill's language restricting the use of Census Bureau funds for statistical sampling. The language Mollohan sought to strike prohibits the use of fiscal 1998 funds to make irreversible plans or preparations for the use of sampling or statistical adjustment in taking the census for purposes of congressional apportionment. The amendment also creates a three-person board to observe and monitor all aspects of Census 2000.

Supported by LCCR - Due to the severe undercount in previous censuses, it is imperative that the Census Bureau be allowed to use the most up-to-date scientific methods when counting the U.S. population in the 2000 Census. The Mollohan amendment would allow the Census Bureau to continue planning for a Census that included the use of scientific statistical methods, or sampling. The use of statistical sampling would help decrease the historical undercount of children, people of color and the rural and urban poor and has been endorsed by the National Academy of Sciences.

5. Fiscal 1999 Commerce, Justice, State Appropriations/Allow Census Bureau to Develop Statistical Sampling (H.R. 4276)

Roll Call: #388
Date: August 5, 1998
Rejected: 201-227; R 2-222; D 198-5; I 1-0
Description: Mollohan (D-WV) amendment to strike the bill's restrictions on funding for the year 2000 census, which would allow the Census Bureau to continue to plan, test and prepare to implement statistical sampling methods along with statistical sampling.

Supported by LCCR - Due to the severe undercount in previous censuses, it is imperative that the Census Bureau be allowed to use the most up-to-date scientific methods when counting the U.S. population in the 2000 Census. The Mollohan amendment would allow the Census Bureau to continue planning for a Census that included the use of scientific statistical methods, or sampling. The use of statistical sampling would help decrease the historical undercount of children, people of color and the rural and urban poor and has been endorsed by the National Academy of Sciences.

EDUCATION

6. Fiscal 1998 Labor-HHS Appropriations/National Education Testing (H.R. 2264)

Roll Call: #398
Date: September 16, 1997
Adopted: 295-125; R 220-3; D 75-121; I 0-1
Description: Goodling (R-PA) amendment to prohibit the use of any funds in the bill to develop new national student tests in reading or math.

Supported by LCCR - The use of standardized national tests for high-stakes purposes, without equitable distribution of resources, can have an adverse effect on minority and economically disadvantaged students, particularly English language learners or those with learning disabilities. LCCR is opposed to legislation that would inadvertently harm these students.

7. Education Savings Accounts/ Public School Improvement Bonds (H.R. 2646)

Roll Call: #523
Date: October 23, 1997
Rejected: 199-224; R 2-220; D 196-4; I 1-0
Description: Rangel (D-NY) substitute amendment to increase the cap on the amount of funding that public schools may use to issue interest-free bonds for facility improvement or construction projects, purchase of educational equipment, curriculum development and teacher training from \$400 million to \$4 billion in fiscal 1998 and 1999.

Supported by LCCR - This amendment sought to improve public education through school construction, teacher training programs and curriculum development. The LCCR supports efforts to enhance and strengthen the public education system.

8. District of Columbia Appropriations/Education "Vouchers" for Students Attending Schools in the District of Columbia (H.R. 4380)

Roll Call: #411
Date: August 6, 1998
Adopted: 214-208; R 207-15; D 7-192; I 0-1
Description: Armey (R-TX) amendment to establish a new program to provide education scholarships ("vouchers") to an estimated 2,000 poor D.C. public school students.

Opposed by LCCR - The voucher provision erodes existing anti-discrimination laws (Title VI, Title IX, Section 504 and the Age Discrimination Act) and weakens the guarantee of equal educational opportunity to the children of D. C.

9. Bilingual Education Block Grants/Passage (H.R. 3892)

Roll Call: #424
Date: September 10, 1998
Adopted: 221-189; R 207-10; D 14-178; I 0-1
Description: Passage of the bill to turn existing bilingual and immigrant education programs into a block grant program and provide states and local school districts with broader discretion in determining the teaching methods for students learning English as a second language.

Opposed by LCCR - This bill voids current compliance agreements between the Office of Civil Rights of the U.S. Department of Education and local agencies that have failed to provide language-minority students with suitable educational services.

10. Education Block Grants/ Passage (H.R. 3248)

Roll Call: #452
Date: September 18, 1998
Adopted: 212-198; R 207-11; D 5-186; I 0-1
Description: Passage of the bill to repeal 31 elementary and secondary education programs and distribute the federal funds through a block grant program. The programs affected include Goals 2000, School to Work, and Eisenhower Professional State Grants.

Opposed by LCCR - In addition to repealing programs such as Goals 2000, School to Work, and Eisenhower Professional State Grants, the bill would remove accountability requirements established to ensure that equality and equity of programming are tied to federal funding. Block grants weaken the ability of the

federal government to effectively target funds to schools and students most in need.

LABOR

11. "Compensatory Time" Passage (H.R. 1)

Roll Call: #59
Date: March 19, 1997
Adopted: 222-210; R 209-18; D 13-191; I 0-1
Description: Passage of the bill to allow private-sector employees the choice of either being paid at one and one-half times their standard hourly rate or to be given compensatory time off figured at the same rate when working beyond the traditional 40 hour work week. Employees would have to have worked a minimum of 1,000 hours in the previous 12 months in order to be eligible for compensatory time.

Opposed by LCCR - The so-called "Comp Time" legislation would have undermined the 40-hour work week and overtime requirements and therefore, been harmful to working families. This legislation would reduce the income of many working families, and could make it more difficult for them to balance competing work and family responsibilities given that the penalties placed on employers who violate the voluntary provisions were weak.

12. Involuntary Contributions Ban "Paycheck Protection" Passage (H.R. 2608)

Roll Call: #83
Date: March 30, 1998
Rejected: 166-246; R 163-52; D 3-193; I 0-1
Description: Thomas (R-CA) motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill to prohibit involuntary use of funds of employees and shareholders of corporations, and of labor union members, for political activities.

Opposed by LCCR - The so-called Paycheck Protection Act would undermine the ability of unions to advocate on behalf of their members by requiring separate, prior, written consent from each individual member annually before using any dues money on activities ranging from lobbying, communicating with members about candidates' positions on issues, or even educating members about the impact of federal legislation or regulations.

13. Reciprocal Trade Agreement Authorities Act (H.R. 2621)

Roll Call: #466
Date: September 25, 1998
Rejected: 180-243; R 151-71; D 29-171; I 0-1
Description: The House failed to pass H.R. 2621, to extend trade authorities procedures with respect

to reciprocal trade agreements.

Opposed by LCCR - "Fast Track" legislation, if enacted, would signal a significant retreat in the areas of civil rights and worker rights. It would give the President authority to negotiate trade treaties without consulting Congress. The Congress could only vote for or against the treaty as a whole without making any changes or correcting any flaws, putting it on a "fast track" to approval. Under this legislation, the President is precluded from negotiating improvements in or enforcement of internationally recognized workers rights. This preclusion would have a damaging effect on domestic worker rights and the economic well being of the groups represented by LCCR.

IMMIGRATION

14. Fiscal 1997 Supplemental Appropriations/SSI Payment Extension (H.R. 1469)

Roll Call: #133
Date: May 15, 1997
Adopted: 345-74; R 149-71; D 195-3; I 1-0
Description: Diaz-Balart (R-FL) amendment to postpone scheduled termination of Supplemental Security Income (SSI) payments to legal immigrants until the end of fiscal 1997. Under the 1996 welfare system overhaul (PL 104-193), such payments to legal immigrants would end on August 22.

Supported by LCCR - The 1996 Welfare/Conference Report drastically reduced social security and welfare benefits to immigrants. LCCR is opposed to ending the federal guarantee of welfare benefits to those in need, including legal immigrants.

15. Agriculture Reauthorization Act (S.R. 1150)

Roll Call: #188
Date: May 22, 1998
Rejected: 120-289; R 118-98; D 2-190; I 0-1
Description: Adoption of the rule (H Res 446) to dispose of the conference report on the bill to reauthorize agricultural research and education programs through fiscal 2002. The rule would have allowed a point of order to strike \$818 million in funding in the conference report to restore food stamps to 250,000 legal immigrants.

Opposed by LCCR - One of harshest provisions of the 1996 welfare law was that it significantly limited the distribution of food stamps to legal immigrants. The rule would have allowed a vote to prohibit the restoration of stamp distribution to the children of legal immigrants.

VOTING RIGHTS

16. Voter Eligibility Verification/Passage (H.R. 1428)

Roll Call: #17
Date: February 12, 1998
Rejected: 210-200; R 203-13; D 7-186; I 0-1
Description: Pease (R-IN) motion to suspend the rules and pass, as amended, the bill to establish a pilot program in the five largest states, under which state and local officials could require Social Security numbers from voting applicants. It also directs the Justice Department, in consultation with the Social Security Administration and the Immigration and Naturalization Service, to set up a system in which local officials could seek verification of the citizenship of those attempting to vote. A two-thirds majority of those present and voting (273 in this case) is required for passage under suspension of the rules.

Opposed by LCCR - The Leadership Conference believes unequivocally that only United States citizens registered to vote should be able to do so; however, H.R. 1428 is unnecessary, unworkable, and it goes too far. Moreover, if enacted, it could have potentially devastating effects on the voting rights, privacy rights, and other civil rights of countless Americans.

17. Campaign Finance Overhaul/Shays-Meehan Substitute-Motor Voter Modification (H.R. 2183)

Roll Call: #358
Date: July 30, 1998
Rejected: 165-260; R 163-59; D 2-200; I 0-1
Description: Goodlatte (R-VA) amendment to the Shays-Meehan substitute amendment to the bill to overhaul campaign finance laws. The amendment would modify "motor voter" voter registration law by requiring voters to provide proof of citizenship when registering to vote.

Opposed by LCCR - The Goodlatte amendment would place unfair restrictions upon those seeking to register to vote and would undermine the "motor voter" voter registration law. This legislation would not only be an invasion of privacy rights, but also increase the likelihood of voting rights discrimination against people of color.

18. Campaign Finance Overhaul/Shays-Meehan Substitute
Bilingual Voting Material (H.R. 2183)

Roll Call: #367
Date: July 31, 1998
Rejected: 142-261; R 142-261; D 0-1
Description: Barr (R-G) amendment to the Shays-Meehan substitute amendment to the bill to overhaul campaign finance law. The amendment would prohibit states from providing voters with voting materials in a language other than English.

Opposed by LCCR - The Barr amendment attacks the First Amendment rights of legal immigrants and encourages political discrimination against ethnic minorities.

INCOME SUPPORT

19. Fiscal 1998 Commerce, Justice, State Appropriations
Legal Services Corporation (H.R. 2267)

Roll Call: #449
Date: September 25, 1997
Adopted: 246-176; R 45-173; D 200-3; I 1-0
Description: Fox (R-PA) and Mollohan (D-WV) amendment to increase funding for the Legal Services Corporation from \$141 million to \$250 million.

Supported by LCCR - LCCR supports the Legal Services Corporation which provides legal aid to the poor.

20. Individuals With Disabilities Education Act Reauthorization/Passage (H.R. 5)

Roll Call: #124
Date: May 13, 1997
Passed: 420-3; R 221-3; D 198-0; I 1-0
Description: Goodling (R-PA) motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill to authorize such sums as necessary for the Individuals With Disabilities Education Act, to allow schools more flexibility to discipline disabled students and to change the program's grant funding formula once the annual total appropriation exceeds \$4.9 billion. A two-thirds majority of those present and voting (282 in this case) is required for passage under suspension of the rules.

Supported by LCCR - The Individuals With Disabilities Education Act strengthens public education and protects children's health and safety by ensuring that children with special needs have equal access to education.

WOMEN'S EQUITY

21. Vocational Technical Education/Gender Equity (H.R. 1853)

Roll Call: #286
Date: July 22, 1997
Rejected: 207-214; R 10-212; D 196-2; I 1-0
Description: Mink (D-HA) amendment to require states and localities to spend a minimum of 10.5 percent of federal vocational education funds on programs that promote gender equity and assist displaced homemakers, single parents, and single pregnant women. The amendment also would ensure that the current requirement for each state to establish a sex-equity coordinator is continued.

Supported by LCCR - The Mink amendment would serve women who are attempting to get off of welfare, as required by the Welfare Reform Law of 1996.

GAY AND LESBIAN

22. Fiscal 1999 VA-HUD Appropriations/ San Francisco's Unmarried Domestic Partner Ordinance (H.R. 4194)

Roll Call: #349
Date: July 29, 1998
Adopted: 214-212; R 189-33; D 25-178; I 0-1
Description: Riggs (R-CA) amendment to prohibit any funds in the bill from being used to implement the San Francisco ordinance that requires private companies and organizations contracting with or receiving grants from the city to provide health care benefits to unmarried domestic partners of their workers.

Opposed by LCCR - The Riggs amendment would prohibit San Francisco from using VA-HUD funds to implement any provisions of its city ordinance against discrimination in city contracts. The current city ordinance requires all city contractors to prohibit discrimination based on factors that include race, color, religion, sexual orientation, domestic partner status, marital status, or AIDS/HIV status. The Riggs amendment represents unprecedented federal intervention at the local level of government.

23. Fiscal 1999 Commerce, State, Justice Appropriations/Prohibit Funding to Enforce Executive Orders (H.R. 4276)

Roll Call: #398
Date: August 5, 1998
Rejected: 176-252; R 161-3; D 15-188; I 0-1
Description: Hefley (R-CO) amendment to prohibit funds in this bill or any other act from being

used to implement or enforce two presidential executive orders. The first prohibits federal agencies from discriminating against individuals in hiring or awarding grants because of sexual orientation. The second order establishes a new set of "federalism" criteria for federal agencies to follow when formulating or implementing related policies.

Opposed by LCCR - The amendment refers to Executive Orders 13087 and 11478. Executive Order 11478 is the federal executive order that governs equal employment opportunity. E.O. 13087 was issued as an amendment to E.O. 11478, adding the term "sexual orientation." This was done to eliminate inconsistencies and promote uniformity in Federal sexual orientation nondiscrimination policies.

BANKRUPTCY

24. Bankruptcy Overhaul/Recommit (H.R. 3150)

Roll Call: #224
Date: June 10, 1998
Rejected: 153-270; R 1-221; D151-49; I1-0
Description: Conyers (D-MI) motion to recommit the bill to the Judiciary Committee with instructions to report it back with an amendment to exclude child support and alimony payments from means-tests and to make accident victims priority creditors.

Supported by LCCR - The underlying provisions of H.R. 3150 would disproportionately affect the constituencies that comprise the Leadership Conference on Civil Rights. The Conyers motion sought to exclude child support and alimony payments from means-tests and to make accident victims priority creditors.

JUVENILE JUSTICE

25. Juvenile Crime/Passage (H.R. 3)

Roll Call: #118
Date: May 8, 1997
Adopted: 286-132; R 209-9; D 77-122; I 0-1
Description: Passage of the bill to make it easier for federal authorities to prosecute juveniles who commit federal violent crimes or federal drug trafficking offenses as adults and to authorize \$1.5 billion in financial incentives through fiscal 2000 for state and local authorities to prosecute juveniles charged with serious crimes as adults.

Opposed by LCCR - The Leadership Conference opposes juvenile justice legislation that abandons the notion of rehabilitation in favor of more punitive measures.

LCCR VOTI: RECORD
105TH CONGRESSIONAL SESSION

		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	Voting Record
Roll Call Vote #		93	133	134	475	388	398	523	411	424	452	589	83	466	133	188	17	358	367	449	124	286	349	398	224	118	
LCCR POSITION	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	N			
ALABAMA																											
Aderholt (R)	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	
Bachus (R)	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	
Callahan (R)	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	
Cramer (D)	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y	
Everett (R)	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y	
Hilliard (D)	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y	
Riley (R)	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	
ALASKA																											
Young (R)	Y	N	N	?	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	
ARIZONA																											
Hayworth (R)	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	
Kolbe (R)	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	
Pastor (D)	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	
Salmon (R)	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	
Shadegg (R)	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	
Stump (R)	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	
ARKANSAS																											
Berry (D)	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	
Dickey (R)	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	
Hutchinson (R)	?	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	
Snyder (D)	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	
CALIFORNIA																											
Becerra (D)	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	
Berman (D)	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	
Bilbray (R)	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	
Bono, M (R)	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	
Bono, S (R)	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	
Brown, G (D)	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	
Calvert (R)	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	
Campbell (R)	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	
Capps L (D)	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	
Capps W (D)	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	

LCCR VOTING RECORD
105TH CONGRESSIONAL SESSION

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	Voting Record
Roll Call Vote #	93	133	134	475	388	523	411	424	452	59	63	486	133	188	17	358	367	449	124	286	349	398	224	118		
LCCR POSITION	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	N			
CALIFORNIA (CONT'D)																										
Condit (D)	N																									
Cox (R)	Y																									
Cunningham (R)	Y																									
Dellums (D)	N																									
Dixon (D)	N																									
Dooley (D)	N																									
Doolittle (R)	Y																									
Dreier (R)	N																									
Eshoo (D)	N																									
Farr (D)	N																									
Fazio (D)	N																									
Filner (D)	N																									
Gallegher (R)	N																									
Harman (D)	N																									
Henger (R)	N																									
Horn (R)	N																									
Hunter (R)	N																									
Kim (R)	N																									
Lantos (D)	N																									
Lee (D)	N																									
Lewis (R)	N																									
Lojgren (D)	N																									
Martinez (D)	N																									
Matsui (D)	N																									
McKeon (R)	Y																									
Millender McDonald (D)	N																									
Miller (D)	N																									
Packard (R)	N																									
Petosi (D)	N																									
Pombo (R)	P																									
Radanovich (R)	Y																									
Riggs (R)	Y																									

**LCCR VOT. / RECORD
105TH CONGRESSIONAL SESSION**

**LCCR VOTING RECORD
105TH CONGRESSIONAL SESSION**

105TH CONGRESSIONAL SESSION

LCCR VOTTIN RECORD
105TH CONGRESSIONAL SESSION

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	Voting Record
Roll Call Vote #	93	133	134	475	388	388	523	411	424	452	59	83	488	133	188	17	358	367	449	124	286	349	398	224	118	Record
LCCR POSITION	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	
GEORGIA (CONT'D)																										
Inouye (R)	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	
HAWAII	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	
Abercrombie (D)	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	
Mink (D)	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	
IDAHO	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	
Chenoweth H (R)	Y	Y	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	
Crapo M (R)	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	
ILLINOIS	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	
Bialobrzeski (D)	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	
Costello (D)	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	
Crane (R)	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	
Davis (D)	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	
Evans (D)	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	
Ewing (R)	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	
Fawell (R)	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	
Gutierrez (D)	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	
Hastert (R)	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	
Hyde (R)	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	
Jackson (D)	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	
Lahood (R)	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	
Lipinski (D)	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	
Manzullo (R)	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	
Porter (R)	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	
Poschard (D)	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	
Rush (D)	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	
Shimkus (R)	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	
Weller (R)	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	
Yates (D)	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	
INDIANA																										
Burton (R)	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	
Buyer (R)	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	
Carson (D)	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	

LCCR VOTING RECORD
105TH CONGRESSIONAL SESSION

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	Voting Record
Roll Call Vote #	93	133	134	475	388	523	411	424	452	59	83	486	133	188	17	358	367	449	124	286	349	388	224	118		
LCCR POSITION	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	N		
INDIANA (CONT'D)																										
Hamilton (D)	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	
Hostettler (R)																										
McIntosh (R)																										
Pease (R)																										
Roemer (D)																										
Souder (R)																										
Visclosky (D)																										
IOWA																										
Boswell (D)	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	
Ganske (R)																										
Latham (R)																										
Leach (R)																										
Nussle (R)																										
KANSAS																										
Moran (R)																										
Ryan (R)																										
Snowberger (R)																										
Tiaht (R)																										
KENTUCKY																										
Baesler (D)																										
Bunning (R)																										
Lewis (R)																										
Northup (R)																										
Rogers (R)																										
Whitfield (R)																										
LOUISIANA																										
Baker (R)																										
Cooksey (R)																										
Jefferson (D)																										
John (D)																										
Livingston (R)																										
McCrey (R)																										

LCCR VOTING RECORD
105TH CONGRESSIONAL SESSION

105TH CONGRESSIONAL SESSION

LCCR VOTING RECORD
105TH CONGRESSIONAL SESSION

		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	Voting Record
Roll Call Vote #	93	133	134	475	388	388	523	411	424	452	58	83	466	133	188	177	358	367	449	124	286	349	388	224	118	N	
LCR POSITION	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	N		
MICHIGAN (CONT'D)																											
Kildee (D)	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	82%	
Kilpatrick (D)	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	100%	
Knollenberg (R)	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	18%	
Levin (D)	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	98%	
Rivers (D)	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	98%	
Smith (R)	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	88%	
Slabenow (D)	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	98%	
Stupak (D)	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	28%	
Upton (R)	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	28%	
MINNESOTA																											
Gutknecht (R)	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	12%	
Luther (D)	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	92%	
Minge (D)	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	88%	
Obersstar (D)	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	96%	
Peterson (D)	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	72%	
Ramstad (R)	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	40%	
Sabo (D)	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	92%	
Vento (D)	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	96%	
MISSISSIPPI																											
Pattie (R)	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	8%	
Pickering (R)	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	28%	
Taylor (D)	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	96%	
Thompson (D)	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	12%	
Wicker (R)	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	12%	
MISSOURI																											
Blunt (R)	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	88%	
Clay (D)	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	84%	
Danner (D)	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	8%	
Emerson (R)	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	92%	
Gephardt (D)	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	12%	
Hulshof (R)	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	92%	
McCarthy (D)	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	92%	

LCCR VOTING RECORD
105TH CONGRESSIONAL SESSION

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	Voting Record
Roll Call Vote #	93	133	134	475	388	398	523	411	424	452	59	83	468	133	188	17	358	367	449	124	286	349	398	224	118	
LCCR POSITION	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	N			
MISSOURI (CONT'D)																										
Skelton (D)	N	N	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	?	Y	Y	N	N	Y	19	76%		
Talent (R)	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	5	20%	
MONTANA																										
Hill (R)	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y		
NEBRASKA																										
Bartlett, B (R)	Y	N	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y		
Bereuter (R)	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y		
Christensen (R)	Y	?	N	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	?	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N		
NEVADA																										
Ensign (R)	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	?	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N		
Gibbons (R)	N	N	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N		
NEW HAMPSHIRE																										
Bass (R)	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N		
Sununu (R)	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N		
NEW JERSEY																										
Andrews (D)	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	?	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y		
Franks (R)	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y		
Ferringhuisen (R)	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y		
LoBlondo (R)	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y		
Menendez (D)	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y		
Pallone (D)	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y		
Pappas (R)	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	?	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N		
Pastorek (D)	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y		
Payne (D)	?	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y		
Froehling (D)	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y		
Roukema (R)	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y		
Saxton (R)	Y	?	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	?	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y		
Smith (R)	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y		
NEW MEXICO																										
Redmond (R)	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	?	N	Y	N	Y	?	N	Y		
Schiff (R)	Y	?	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	?	N	Y	N	Y	?	N	Y		
Skeen (R)	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	N	Y	N	N	Y	?	28%		

LCCR VOTING RECORD
105TH CONGRESSIONAL SESSION

105 | HOMOESOPHICAL THERAPY

LCCR VOTING RECORD
105TH CONGRESSIONAL SESSION

105TH CONGRESSIONAL SESSION

LCCR VOTING RECORD 105TH CONGRESSIONAL SESSION

105TH CONGRESSIONAL SESSION

LCCR VOTING RECORD
105TH CONGRESSIONAL SESSION

ESTATE PLANNING

LCCR VOTING RECORD
105TH CONGRESSIONAL SESSION

		Roll Call Vote #	LCR Position	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	Voting Record
Roll Call Vote #	83	133	N	134	475	388	523	411	424	452	59	83	468	133	168	17	358	367	448	124	288	348	398	224	118				
LCR POSITION	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	N					
TEXAS																													
Archer (R)																													
Armey (R)																													
Barton (R)																													
Bentzen (D)																													
Bonilla (R)																													
Brady (R)																													
Combest (R)																													
DeLay (R)																													
Doggett (D)																													
Edwards (D)																													
Frost (D)																													
Gonzalez (D)																													
Granger (R)																													
Green (D)																													
Hall (D)																													
Hinojosa (D)																													
Jackson-Lee (D)																													
Johnson (D)																													
Johnson (R)																													
Lampson (D)																													
Ortiz (D)																													
Paul (R)																													
Reyes (D)																													
Rodriguez (D)																													
Sandlin (D)																													
Sessions (R)																													
Smith (R)																													
Stenholm (D)																													
Thornberry (R)																													
Turner (C)																													

LCCR VOTING RECORD
1957 CONGRESSIONAL SESSION

105TH CONGRESSIONAL SESSION

**LCCR VOTING RECORD
105TH CONGRESSIONAL SESSION**